



### This leaflet is about warfarin. It explains:

- What warfarin is
- How to use warfarin safely
- How we check your blood clotting levels while you are taking warfarin.

#### What is warfarin?

Warfarin is an anticoagulant (blood thinner). It prevents blood clots forming in your blood vessels by slowing down the clotting process.

#### Does warfarin cause side effects?

You may bruise or bleed more easily. We try to control your blood clotting levels within the target range so the risk of serious bleeding or bruising is low.

If you get unexpected bruising, please tell us (the anticoagulant service) or your GP as soon as possible. Seek urgent medical advice (telephone your GP, 111 or 999) if you notice any of the following signs or symptoms of internal bleeding:

- Nose bleeds (lasting longer than 10 minutes).
- Blood in stool (poo) or black poo.
- Blood in vomit (sick) or sputum (spit).
- Severe new headache or symptoms of stroke (see below table).

## Symptoms of stroke:

Face	Your face has dropped on one side, or you cannot smile or your mouth or eye has drooped.
<b>A</b> rms	You cannot lift both arms and keep them up.
<b>S</b> peech	Your speech is slurred or garbled, or you may not be able to talk at all, despite being awake.
Time	It is time to dial 999 immediately if you notice any of these signs or symptoms of stroke.

# Minor bruising or bleeding

If you have minor bruising or bleeding, and your next test is within three days, please tell us by:

- Writing on the test slip or
- Telephoning us before you come for the test.

Some people experience nausea (feel sick) and/or get diarrhoea (loose poo) in the first few days of starting warfarin. If this does not get better after a few days, please contact your GP as you may need to change medication.

Compassionate Aspirational	Resourceful	Excellent
----------------------------	-------------	-----------

## How long will I need to take the warfarin for?

This depends on why the doctor has prescribed it. If you are unsure, please ask. Some people need treatment for a few months, others will need it long-term.

#### What dose of warfarin should I take?

This varies from patient to patient and the dose you start on may be higher or lower than the dose you need later. Your dose will depend on the results of regular tests. We measure blood clotting by a test called an International Normalised Ratio (INR). The higher the INR, the longer it takes your blood to clot. We will tell you your target INR range. When you start on warfarin we give you a dosage slip which tells you the dose to take each day. The dose is in milligrams (mg) per day. There are three strengths of warfarin tablet:

1mg tablets (brown)	3mg tablets (blue)	5mg tablets (pink)
---------------------	--------------------	--------------------

Your dose will be a combination of these. For example: 7mg = 1 pink + 2 brown tablets. Take your warfarin at the same time every day, ideally between 8pm and 10pm.

You will need to get repeat prescriptions for warfarin from your GP. Please re-order when you still have at least a week of tablets left so you do not run out. Please check that you have all three strengths of warfarin, and that they are in date.

Please tell us about any changes in your other medicines, even if they are temporary, such as antibiotics and steroids. Do not take aspirin or medicines containing aspirin or non-steroidal painkillers (for example ibuprofen, Nurofen) unless prescribed by your doctor.

Please also tell us if you become ill for more than 48 hours for example, have diarrhoea (loose poo) and vomiting. You may need a blood test sooner than planned. As a general rule, we like you to have an INR test about four days after any health problem or medication change. A repeat test is particularly important if you have recently been in hospital.

# Missed a dose or taken the wrong dose?

If you forget to take your warfarin, you can take it up to midnight that night. If it is after midnight, then miss that dose and continue to take the usual dose the following evening. If you miss a dose, make a note on your blood test form and then continue the next day with your normal dose. **Do not take an extra dose to "catch up".** 

If you took the wrong dose and this was much more or less than the advised dose, contact the anticoagulation clinic, your GP or NHS 111 as soon as possible.

# Where can I have my INR blood test?

- Blood tests at the Royal Berkshire Hospital Pathology Department (South Block) and the
  Bracknell Healthspace Pathology Department need to be booked online. Please visit
  www.swiftqueue.co.uk to book your next blood test appointment. You will be asked to create
  an account and password so please remember to keep these details safe. Alternatively,
  please call the appointments line 0300 6134117 (Monday-Friday 8:30am to 3:30pm).
- West Berkshire Community Hospital Pathology Department (Thatcham) by appointment only by phoning 01635 273343.
- At your GP's surgery you will need to book an appointment with the practice nurse.
- Via a district nurse by appointment through your GP's surgery.

Compassionate	Aspirational	Resourceful	Excellent
---------------	--------------	-------------	-----------

Warfarin, February 2024

All these places will send your blood to the laboratory for testing. It is essential that you **always** take a warfarin blood test form with you when you have your blood taken. This enables your results to be fast-tracked. Please ensure you complete the questionnaire on the form before each blood test.

## What about pregnancy?

Warfarin will damage the unborn baby. Do not plan to become pregnant without consulting your doctor. If you think you may be pregnant while taking warfarin, please contact your doctor at once.

## What about holidays?

Tell us if you are going to be away. We will try to arrange your next test to avoid your holiday dates. If we feel that for your safety you need a blood test during your holiday, we will give you the paperwork for this.

### When you go away:

- Take enough tablets with you for the whole trip.
- Keep a copy of your anticoagulation prescription with you, as well as your most recent dosage letter.
- Take your Anticoagulation Alert Card (which the clinic gave you at the start of treatment) in case of emergencies.
- In an emergency, please contact a local doctor.

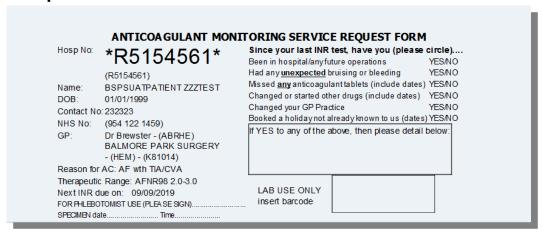
## How can I contact the anticoagulant clinic staff?

We are available Monday to Friday (except bank holidays) 9.30am-12.30pm and 1.30pm-4.50pm.

#### Tel: 0118 322 7691 Email: rbft.anticoagulantclinic@nhs.net

Our telephone lines are very busy at times. We operate a caller waiting system and we do answer all callers who wait. Outside of opening times please contact your GP or NHS 111. We check clinic emails throughout the day, but we will prioritise as necessary. If your query is very urgent, please contact us by telephone. Please tell us about non-urgent information using the bottom part of your dosage slip (see below). For example your holiday dates, so we can try to avoid blood tests while you are away.

# Sample of blood test form



Compassionate Aspirational Resourceful Excellent

## Warfarin summary checklist

#### You should:

- Report signs of unexplained bleeding and bruising.
- Have blood tests ideally in the morning. Send the bottom part of the blue slip with your blood.
   Avoid having your blood tests on a Friday unless specifically requested by us.
- Take your warfarin at the same time each day, preferably between 8pm and 10pm.
- Take the correct dose.
- Tell the clinic about any changes to your other medications.
- Eat a normal balanced diet.
- · Carry your anticoagulant alert card with you.
- Make sure the clinic has an up to date address and telephone number for you.

#### You should not:

- Take aspirin or medicines containing aspirin or non-steroidal painkillers (e.g. ibuprofen, Nurofen) unless prescribed by your doctor.
- Do not go on a crash diet or drink a lot of alcohol.
- Do not miss a dose of warfarin unless we tell you to do so.
- Do not take extra doses or change your dose of Warfarin without first discussing with us.
- Do not run out of warfarin tablets. Ask your GP surgery for a repeat prescription in good time.

#### Be aware:

- ▲ Tell your dentist or other healthcare professionals treating you that you are on warfarin.
- ⚠ If you think you may be pregnant while taking warfarin, contact your doctor at once.
- ▲ Tell the clinic of any changes of address, telephone number and/or GP practice.

#### Important points to remember

- You should see your GP once a year for a review to check that warfarin is still appropriate for you.
- We send your results by post please allow **three working days** for your slip to arrive.
- Please try and avoid having your blood tests on a Friday as we may not see your result until the following Monday.

To find out more about our Trust visit www.royalberkshire.nhs.uk

# Please ask if you need this information in another language or format.

RBFT Anticoagulant Clinic Reviewed: February 2024

Next review due: February 2026

Compassionate Aspirational Resourceful Excellent