

# Having a baby over the age of 40

This leaflet is to provide you with information if you are having a baby or thinking of having a baby and are 40 years of age or over.

#### Introduction

Many women or birthing people chose to have a baby after the age of 40 and most will have healthy pregnancies. For some, however, as with having a baby at any age, there can be complications in pregnancy and childbirth. Some complications are more likely to develop or pre-exist if you are aged 40 or older when you conceive, including developing high blood pressure or diabetes in pregnancy, or placental or birth problems.

If you are 40 or older at the time of falling pregnant, your midwife will recommend hospital referral for you to have consultant-led care where you will have the chance to talk about what this will mean for you and your baby.

### Common problems if you are over 40

There are some common complications which are more likely to happen if you are over 40. It is worth knowing about these and being aware of the things to look out for. These include:

- Gestational diabetes so you will be offered a test to check for this.
- Having a larger baby (which can be linked to having gestational diabetes) this will be monitored during your scans.
- Needing a Caesarean birth either due to complications or because, in some women or birthing people, the uterine muscle is less effective as we age.
- Having a stillbirth after 40 weeks so it is important to monitor your baby's movement and discuss the possibility of an induction with your midwife or obstetrician.
- Chromosomal abnormalities but screening is offered to everyone regardless of age.

You can find more information about these complications on the RBH Maternity pages.

## Common problems if you are over 45

Complications may be more likely if you are aged 45 or older at the time of falling pregnant. For these women or birthing people, there are additional considerations that are recommended for their care, which include:

- Taking 150mg aspirin (if you are able to) in the evening from 12 to 36 weeks to reduce the risk of developing high blood pressure.
- Growth scans from 28 weeks, every 4 weeks, to monitor baby's growth and placenta.
- Regular monitoring of your blood pressure and urine in the last few weeks of pregnancy.
- You will be offered an induction from 38 weeks (to reduce the risk of placental problems and stillbirth.

You will be able to talk about these recommendations or any concerns you may have with your midwife and obstetrician.

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The link below provides further information and includes recommendations for pregnancy and childbirth - <a href="https://www.tommys.org/pregnancy-information/im-pregnant/ask-a-midwife/what-happens-if-im-pregnant-over-age-40">https://www.tommys.org/pregnancy-information/im-pregnant/ask-a-midwife/what-happens-if-im-pregnant-over-age-40</a>

To find out more about our Trust visit www.royalberkshire.nhs.uk

## Please ask if you need this information in another language or format.

Ms B Chohan, Consultant O&G Reviewed: November 2022

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