Useful websites

Diabetes UK www.diabetes.co.uk

British Association of Prosthetists & Orthotists (BAPO) www.bapo.com

Society of Chiropodists and Podiatrists www.scpod.org

Contact us

Tel: 0118 322 7552

Orthotics Department
South Block
Royal Berkshire NHS Foundation Trust
London Road
Reading RG1 5AN

Your Orthotist is:

To find out more about our Trust visit www.royalberkshire.nhs.uk

Please ask if you need this information in another language or format.

NHS Orthotic Managers Group, May 2023 Next review due: May 2025



Foot care advice for people with diabetes

Information for patients

Department of Orthotics

Compassionate

Aspirationa

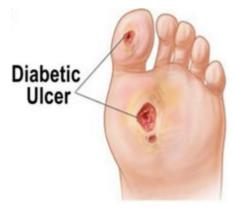
Resourcefu

Excellent

This leaflet gives advice on looking after your feet for patients with diabetes.

Diabetes and foot care

Foot care amongst diabetics is incredibly important as foot related complications are common due to the damage raised blood sugars can cause to sensation and circulation.



Caring for your feet by regularly checking them for any signs of damage can reduce the risk of damage from occurring.

Damage to your feet can be reduced by avoiding walking barefoot, wearing correctly fitting footwear and keeping your feet clean and in good condition. Check your feet every day for any signs of damage. Seek medical advice from your orthotist, podiatrist or GP if you notice any change to the shape of your feet or if you notice a new area of pressure or rubbing.

Checking your feet

You should regularly examine your own feet. This is more important if you are suffering from poor circulation and numbness. If you have trouble checking your own feet, you may need to ask someone to help you check them.

Look out for any of the following signs of foot damage:

- Cuts
- Bruising
- Swelling
- Grazes
- Sores
- Changes in colour
- Ulceration
- Hard skin

(Any cracking from hard skin may develop into an ulcer over time.)

9-step daily foot care guide

- 1. Wash your feet every day with luke warm water and soap.
- 2. Dry your feet well, especially between the toes.
- 3. Moisturise your feet, but not between the toes.
- 4. Check your feet for blisters, cuts or sores.
- 5. Keep your toenails at a reasonable length.
- 6. Wear clean socks that are not too big or small.
- 7. Keep your feet warm and dry with shoes that fit comfortably.
- 8. Never walk barefoot indoors or outdoors.
- 9. Examine your shoes for things that might hurt your feet.