



Parenteral nutrition (PN): information for patients, relatives and carers

This leaflet explains what parenteral nutrition (PN) is and aims to answers some frequently asked questions for patients, relatives and carers. If there is anything you don't understand or you have any questions or concerns, please ask a member of your Nutrition Support Team.

What is parenteral nutrition?

Parenteral nutrition (PN) is the giving of nutrients (nourishment needed for growth and staying alive) into a vein rather than using the mouth or stomach. This may be in addition to eating food by mouth, or it may provide the only source of nutrition - otherwise known as total parenteral nutrition (TPN). In this leaflet, we will refer to PN but if you are having TPN, the same information will apply. PN may be used for all patients who are unable to eat normally and / or absorb enough nourishment because of illness or disease.

How is PN given?

PN is delivered through a fine plastic tube called a central venous catheter (CVC) into a vein. This can be inserted in the Radiology (X-ray) Department or on the ward by a specialist nurse from the Vascular Access Team. A CVC is more appropriate than a small cannula (thin tube usually inserted into a small vein to administer medication) as it will feed into your larger veins. The PN is best given through larger veins as the mixture can cause irritation if it is fed into small veins. There are many types of CVCs that may be used but your doctor or nurse will discuss the appropriate device best suited to your needs. Some names of devices you may hear are: a PICC line (peripherally inserted central catheter) or a Hickman line. If you have been to theatre or to the Intensive Care Unit you may already have a CVC in your neck that we can use. The type of CVC you receive may depend on whether you require PN long- or short-term.

Will PN provide all the nutrition I need?

Yes, PN will provide all the nutrients needed to maintain good health until you are able to eat normally again. The Nutrition Support Team (NST), a specialist team including consultants, nurses, pharmacists, dietitians and psychologists will ensure you get the right type and amount of nutrition you need.

What does the PN solution have in it?

PN contains:

1. Glucose for energy
2. Proteins for growth and repair
3. Fat for energy and cell repair
4. Vitamins and minerals to keep your body healthy, and the body's organs working well (although initially these will be given as a separate infusion).

Compassionate

Aspirational

Resourceful

Excellent

Will I feel hungry or thirsty?

As PN is not directly given into your mouth and stomach, you may experience some hunger and thirst, even though your body will be receiving all the nutrition it needs. Some people may feel hungry at mealtimes with the smell and sight of food. The contents of the PN bag might be able to be changed to reduce this if the NST recommends it. You may experience a dry mouth. Cleaning your teeth and regular mouthwash (or sucking on boiled sweets / ice cubes if allowed) may help with this.

How long will the PN be given for?

When you first start PN it will be given over 24-48 hours. If you require PN for more than 7-10 days, then the timing can be altered to allow breaks during the day. This can also be altered to suit your needs. The PN will be infused (delivered) via a pump to ensure it is not given too quickly or too slowly.

Can I eat or drink when I have PN?

This depends on the reason for PN. Sometimes, complete rest of the bowel is needed, or only a small amount of water will be allowed. Your doctor or NST will advise you on this.

Will I be able to move around during PN?

The PN bag will hang on a mobile stand and the infusion pump will have a battery that will last several hours, so should not restrict your movements. You can wash but please take care not to get the dressing on your CVC wet. If the PN is running for 24 hours a day, you may not be able to have a shower or bath; you will need to wash with a bowl and a sponge instead.

What happens to the bowels during PN?

Mucous, cells and bacteria in the bowels still produce bowel movement, even though food is not being eaten. PN goes straight into the bloodstream and does not cause diarrhoea, abdominal pain or vomiting. If you experience any of these symptoms, tell your doctor or nurse, as this may be due to your illness / condition.

How will I know if the PN is working?

While on PN it is important to monitor progress carefully to make sure the body is getting what it needs, is tolerating the glucose and that there is no infection associated with the line through which PN is given. Monitoring during your PN administration will include:

1. Blood tests – to check salt (electrolyte) levels, kidney and liver function
2. Urine samples
3. Body weight
4. Blood glucose sample (pin prick test to check your sugar levels, usually four times a day when the PN is first started)
5. Observations, i.e. temperature, blood pressure and pulse
6. Fluid balance chart, i.e. all fluids you are receiving and fluids you are passing out of your body
7. Members of the NST will visit you Monday to Friday to review and monitor your progress
8. The ward team will monitor you Saturday and Sunday.

Are there any problems or risks I need to know about?

As the catheter (CVC) goes directly into your bloodstream, it is important that you are aware of possible signs of infection. If you start to feel unwell or there is redness and swelling around the insertion site of the catheter, **please tell the nursing staff or doctor straight away** as it may mean that you have an infection. You may need antibiotics and possibly the catheter to be removed.

When will the PN be stopped?

Your PN will be stopped when nutrition is able to be given by food or supplements by mouth (and / or tube feeding into your stomach if required). The team looking after you will discuss this with you when/if this happens.

Who are the Nutrition Support Team (NST)?

Consultant Gastroenterologists – Dr De Silva / Dr K Evans

Dietitians – Laura Potter / Mary Jones

Nutrition Specialist Nurses – Jo Wakeling / Faye Sedano

Pharmacists – Hannah Brownsell / Naveet Mahal

Clinical Psychologists – Abigail Wroe

To find out more about our Trust visit www.royalberkshire.nhs.uk

Please ask if you need this information in another language or format.

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